# COURSES OF STUDIES

## M.A. in POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Effective from the academic session 2023-2025)

**Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)** 



# VIKRAM DEV UNIVERSITY JEYPORE - 764001 DIST- KORAPUT, ODISHA

### M.A POLITICAL SCIENCECourse Structure (2022-23)

Semester-I				
Paper Code	Paper	Hours Per Week	Credits	Marks
PSC C-101	POLITICAL THEORY	4	4	100
PSC C-102	INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS	4	4	100
PSC C-103	THEORIES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	4	4	100
PSC C-104	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	4	4	100
PSC C-105	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I	4	4	100
		20	20	500
Semester-II				
Paper Code	Paper	Hours Per Week	Credits	Marks
PSC C-201	POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY	4	4	100

PSC C-202	COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYSIS	4	4	100
PSC C-203	CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	4	4	100
PSC C-204	ADMINISTRATIVE THEORY	4	4	100
PSC C-205	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-II	4	4	100
PSC AC-206 ADD ON COURSE (Non Credit)	HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE			
	TOTAL	20	20	500
Semester-III				
Paper Code	1	Hours Per Week	Credits	Marks
PSC C-301	INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM (CBCS)	4	4	100
PSC CE-302(A) (Core elective-Optional	INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT	4	4	100
PSC CE-302(B) (Core elective-Optional)	POLITICAL PROCESSES IN INDIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-303(A) (Core elective-Optional)	INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY	4	4	100
PSC CE-303(B) (Core elective-Optional)	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS OF SOUTH ASIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-304(A) (Core elective-Optional)	PUBLIC POLICY AND GOVERNANCE	4	4	100
PSC CE-304(B) (Core elective-Optional)	SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND INCLUSIVE POLICY	4	4	100
PSC CE-305(A) (Core elective-Optional)	POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES	4	4	100
PSC CE-305(B) (Core elective-Optional)	CRITICAL TRADITIONS IN POLITICAL THEORY	4	4	100
PSC AC-306 ADD ON COURSE (Non Credit)	FEMINISM: THEORIES AND PRACTICES			
Semester-IV		20	20	500
Paper Code	Paper	Hours Per Week	Credits	Marks
PSC CE-401(A) (Core elective-Optional)	NEW SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-401(B (Core elective-Optional	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-402(A) (Core elective-Optional)	FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWERS	4	4	100

PSC CE-402(B) (Core	INDIA AND REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS			
elective-Optional)				
PSC CE403(A) (Core	STATE POLITICS IN ODISHA	4	4	100
elective-Optional)				
PSC CE403(B) (Core	POLITICAL ECONMY AND			
elective-Optional)	DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN	4	4	100
	ODISHA			
PSC C-404	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	4	4	100
PSC C-405	DISSERTATION AND VIVA-VOCE	4	4	100
Add On Course	KABI SAMRAT UPENDRA BHANJA AND			
KSUB AND CH G	CULTURAL HERITAGE OF GANJAM			
(Non-Credit)	(NON-CREDIT)			
		20	20	500
Grand Total			80	2000

#### SEMESTER -I

PSC C-101: POLITICAL THEORY

Sub. Code:	Political Theory		
PSC- C 101		Internal Marks=20	External Marks=80

Objectives: This course has been designed to provide students an introduction to the fundamental concepts in political theory. It begins with an overview of why we study political theory and what are the approaches and forms of political theory. It then proceeds to elaborate in a detailed manner on the key concepts of \_Liberty', \_Equality', \_Justice', \_Rights' and \_State and Sovereignty'. Each concept is explained through the thoughts and writings of noted theorists who have deliberated in length on that particular issue with emphasis given on readings of original writings.

### Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topic	Hours
Unit-I	Meaning, Nature, Scope and Evolution, Function,	13
Understanding	Significance, Approaches to the Study of Political Theory, A	
Political Theory	debate on Decline and Resurgence of Political Theory.	
Unit-II	Liberty, Equality, Rights and Justice	13
Key Concepts		
Unit-III	The Grammar of Democracy 1. Democracy: The history of an	13
Political Theory	idea 2. Procedural Democracy and its critique 3. Deliberative	
and Practices	Democracy	
Unit-IV	Emerging Trends in Political Theory: An Overview	13
Recent Trends	•	
	Total	52

### Suggested Readings:

1. Bhargava, R. and Ashok Acharya (2008) \_Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi:Pearson Longman.

- 2. Adams Ian, 1993, Political Ideologies Today, Manchester, Manchester University Press
- 3. Bajpai, U.S.(ed), Nonalignment: Perspective and Prospects, New Delhi; 1983
- 4. Goodin, Robert E. and Philip Pettit edited Contemporary Political Philosophy. Oxford, Blackwell Publishers, 1997.
- 5. Goodin, Robert E. and Philip Pettit edited, A Companion to Contemporary Political
- 6. Graham Gordon, 1986, Politics in its Place- A Study of Six Ideologies, Oxford, ClarendonPress
- 7. Hampton, Jean, Political Philosophy: An Introduction, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1998.
- 8. Harrison, Ross, Democracy, London, Routledge, 1993.
- 9. Heywood Andrew, 1992, Political Ideologies, London, Macmillan
- 10. Longman.Berlin, Isaiah, Four Essays on Concepts of Liberty, Oxford, Oxford UniversityPress, 1969.
- 11. Miller, David and Larry Siedentop( ed) The Nature of Political Theory, Oxford, ClarendonPress, 1983.

#### PSC C-102: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Sub. Code	Indian Government and Politics				
PSC C-102	Credit:04	Internal Marks=20	External Marks=80		

Objectives: This course acquaints students with the constitutional design of state structures and institutions, and their actual working over time. The Indian Constitution accommodates conflicting impulses of liberty and justice, territorial decentralization and a strong union, for instance within itself. The course traces the embodiment of some of these conflicts in constitutional provisions, and shows how these have played out in political practice. It further encourages a study of state institutions in their mutual interaction, and in interaction with the larger extra-constitutional environment.

#### **Detailed Syllabus**

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Making of the Indian Constitution: Constituent Assembly,	13
	Background, Composition, Nature and its working.	
Unit-II	Ideological basis of the Indian Constitution: Preamble,	13
	Fundamental Rights & Duties and Directive Principles.	
Unit-III	Structure and Process of Union Government:	13
	Executive: President and Prime Minister, Council of Minister	
	Legislature: Parliament of India,	
	Judiciary: Supreme Court	
Unit-IV	Federalism: Federal in Form and Unitary in Spirit, Areas of	13
	Conflict in Centre- State Relations: Administrative, Financial	
	and Legislative Relations. Recent Trends in Centre- State	
	Relation	
	Total	52

### Suggested Reading:

- 1. Austin Granville, 1972, The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation, New Delhi, OUP
- 2. Austin Granville, 1999, Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience, New Delhi, OUP
- 3. Basu D.D., 1999, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Calcutta, Prentice Hall (latestedition)

- 4. Hasan Zoya, E. Shridharan and R. Sudarshan (eds.) 2002, India's Living Constitution, New Delhi, Permanent Black
- 5. Kapur Devesh and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds.), 2005, Public Institutions in India, NewDelhi, OUP
- 6. Saez Lawrence, 2004, Federalism without a Center, New Delhi, Sage.
- 7. Sathe S.P., 2002, Judicial Activism, New Delhi, OUP
- 8. Sharma Brij Kishor, 2002, Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, PrenticeHall

### PSC C- 103: THEORY OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Sub. Code		Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C- 103		Theory of International Relations	4	20	80
Objectives	theo under be a are t	basic objective of this course is to in ry and practice for studying interrestand International relations and its ecommodated with contemporary to the objectives: To provide a fairly all-inclusive over events starting from the days of Pel To provide a comprehensive and in character of contemporary character. To enable students to learn about them with the tools to understant	national relates multidiscipate and of multidiscipate are derived of the oponnesian and epth orient of international the key miles.	tions. The aim of the clinary nature where the ltidisciplinary discours the major political development of the major political development. In the lation to students to use to the lations.	e course is to ne student will se. Following elopments and understand the ory and equip
Pre- Requisites		c knowledge of world history and particles of the international politics	politics and	understanding of the	current
Teaching Scheme	prob with	ular classroom lectures with periodem sets, case studies, report writing an emphasis to develop cohere erstanding and the practical knowledges.	ng, mock ex nce among	ams and presentations students on both the	s will be done

Units	Topic	Hours
Unit-I	Theories and Approaches to the Study of International Relations: Evolution	13
	of the Discipline, The Great Debates, State of the Art.	
Unit-II	Concept of Idealism and Realism, Its Variants and Complements:	13
	Neorealism, Indian Tradition: Kautilya's Realpolitique, Chinese Tradition,	
	European Schools of Thought, The English School, Neo-Liberal	
	Institutionalism	
Unit-III	Alternative Approaches in IR: Critical Theory, Constructivism, Post-	13
	Modernism, Feminism, Neo-Marxism, Ethics in IR	
Unit-IV	Conflict and Peace: Changing Nature of Warfare; Weapons of mass	13
	destruction; deterrence; conflict resolution, conflict transformation, The	
	Nuclear Age and its impact on International Relations, NPT, CTBT.	
	Total	52
l	I .	

### Suggested Readings:

- Aron Raymond, \_Peace and War: A Theory of International Relations, (New Brunswick, New Jersey, London, Transaction Publishers, 2003).
- 2. Bandhopadhyay, J., General Theory of International Relations, Allied Publishers, NewDelhi.
- 3. Baral J.K., International Politics: Dynamics and Dimensions, South Asian Publishers, New Delhi, 1987.
- Basu, Rumki, International Politics: Concepts, Theories and Issues, Sage Text, NewDelhi, 2014
- 5. Bull Hedley, The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics (New York, 1977).
- 6. Burchill S and A. Linklator, Theories of International Relations, Martin Press, New York, 1966.
- 7. Chris Brown, Understanding International Relations, (MacMillan: London, 1997)
- 8. Doughery, J.E. and R.L. Falzgraff Jr., Contending Theories of International Relations, J.B. Lippincott Co. 1971, New York.
- 9. Gilpin, Robert, The political Economy of International Relations Princeton, (1887)
- 10. Holsti, K.J., International Politics: Framework for analysis (New Delhi, 1989)
- 11. Jackson, R. and George Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches, OUP, 2003.
- 12. Kumar, Mahendra, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Shivlal Aggarwal & Co.Agra, 1967.
- 13. Morgenthau, Hans J, Politics among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace, NewYork, 1985.
- 14. Scott Burchill, Andre Linklater and Terry Nardin, eds., Theories of InternationalRelations, 4th Edition, (Palgrave Macmillan Publishers, 2009).
- 15. Strange Susan, States and Markets: An Introduction to International Political Economy,(London: Pinter Publishers, 1994)
- 16. Waltz Kenneth N., Theory of International Politics. (New York: Addison-Wesley, 1979).

Course Outcome	By the	e end of this course Students are able to:			
	i.	Conceptualize various perspectives to international relations.			
	ii.	Appreciate various philosophies relating to international relations			
		and conceptualize various foundational theories in International			
		Relations.			
	iii.	Analyze dynamics of contemporary and alternative theories relating			
		to International Relations.			

#### PSC C -104: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC C -104	Public Administration	4	20	80
Objectives	the governing making it a particle paper conceeding to administrative Organised into the paradigm of demension of demandism of demandis	g philosophy into art of community lipovers public admonates by highlight several e salience and cap to four units, the New Public Admin emocratic legitima	o programmes, policiving. inistration in its hist al of its categories, abilities to deal with recent development nistration are incorporacy.	
Pre-Requisites		edge on Public A deal with the proc		nistrative salience and
Teaching Scheme	oral & PPT	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have be conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.		

### Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Meaning, Scope, Evolution and Significance of Public	13
Public Administration	Administration.	
	Public and Private Administration.	
Unit-II	Role of Public Administration in Developing and Developed	13
Principles of Public	countries, Development administration.	
Administration		
Unit-III	Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command	13
Paradigms of Public	Delegation, Co-ordination, Delegated Legislation, Administrative	
administration	Adjudication.	
Unit-IV	New Public Administration	13
New Public Administration	New Public Management	
	Total	52

### Selected Readings

- 1. Avasthi and Maheswari, -Public Administration||, Agra, Laxmi Narayan Agarwal, 1988.
- 2. Mohit Bhattacharya -Public Administration||, World Press (Second Edition, 1991)
- 3. Rumki Basu, -Public Administration: Concepts and Theories New Delhi, Sterling Publishers, 2011.OUP.2006.
- 4. Stone, Deborah. 2001. Policy Paradox: The Art of Political Decision Making. W.W Nortonand Company.
- 5. R.K. Sapru. 1980. Administrative Theories and Management Thought. New Delhi: PHI
- 6. Bidyut Chakrabarty & Mohit Bhattacahrya (Eds), 2003, Public Administration: A Reader,Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 7. Alaka Dhameja (Ed), -Contemporary Debates in Public Administration, New Delhi, 2003.
- 8. Ramesh K. Arora(Eds.), 2004, Public Administration: Fresh Perspectives, Aalek Publishers, Jaipur
- 9. Bidyut Chakravorty, -Public Administration in a Globalized World||, New Delhi, Sage

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on			
Outcome	The essence of Public Administration			
	The Historical context of Public administration			
	• The recent developments particularly the emergence of New Public			
	Administration			

#### PSC C- 105: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC C- 105	Western Political Thought-I	4	20	80
Objectives	This paper studies the classical tradition in political theory from Plato to Marx with the view to understand how the great Masters explained and analyzed political events and problems of their time and prescribed solutions.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge on classical traditions of political theory			
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

### **Detailed Syllabus**

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Plato, Aristotle	13
Unit-II	Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau	13
Unit-III	Hegel, Marx	13
Unit-IV	Bentham, J.S Mill	13
	Total	52

### **Selected Readings**

- 1. Aristotle, The Politics, Translated Ernest Braker, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1998edn.
- 2. Hobbes, Thomas, The Leviathan, Amherst New York, Prometheus Books, 1988.
- 3. Hegel, Georg Wilhelm Fredrik, The Philosophy of Right, Translated by T.M. KnoxOxford,
- 4. Oxford University Press, 1942.
- 5. Machiavalli, Niccolo, The Prince and The Discourses, translated L. Ricci, New York, Modern
- 6. Library, 1950.
- 7. Kant, Political Writing, Translated by H.B Nisbet, edited by Hans Reiss, Cambridge,
- 8. Cambridge University Press, 1991.
- 9. Marx Karl 'Economic and Philosophical Manuscripts' 1844. Translated by Lloyd GEaston and
- 10. Kurt H Guddat in Marx Selections edited by Allen W Wood. New York, Macmillan, 1988 pp
- 11. 40-79.
- 12. Marx Karl, Das Capital, volume 1, Moscow Progress, 1977.
- 13. AvineriShlomo, Hegel's Theory of the Modern State, Cambridge, Cambridge UniversityPress, 1972.

- 14. Beiner, Ronald and William James Booth, Kant and Political Philosophy New Haven, Yale, University Press, 1993.
- 15. Cohen, G.A, Karl Marx's Theory of History, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1978.
- 16. 'Machiavelli' by Quentin Skinner, 'Hobbes' by Richard Tuck, 'Mill' by William Thomas, 'Marx' by Peter Singer in Great Political Thinkers. Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 17. Macpherson, C.B., The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1962.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	Historical and philosophical perspectives to understand the universality of the
	enterprise of political theorizing.
	The legacy of the thinkers with the view to establish the continuity and change
	within the Western political tradition.

# Semester-II PSC C -201: POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C -201	Political Sociology	4	20	80
Objectives	<ul> <li>The basic objective of this course in the course</li></ul>	cal explanatitical mobilities shape	zation take place and the interaction bety	how political ween citizens,
Pre-Requisites Teaching Scheme	Basic knowledge of Sociology and Regular classroom lectures (virt demonstrative exercises like terr writing, mock examinations and pro-	ual and act	tual) with periodic e	

### Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Political Sociology: Origin and Development, Definition and Scope	13
	Theoretical Approaches to the study of Political Sociology	
Unit -II	Political Culture	13
	Political	
	Socialization	
	Political	
	Participation	
	Political Communication	
Unit -III	Power, Authority, Legitimacy	13
	Elite Theory, Circulation of	
	Elites	
Unit -IV	Social Stratification and its	13
	BasesPolitical Development	
	Political Modernization	
Total		52

Reading List

- 1. Keith Faulks, Political Sociology: A Critical Introduction, Edinburgh University Press, 1999.
- 2. Kate Nash and Alan Scott (eds.), The Blackwell Companion to Political Sociology, Wiley- Blackwell, 2004.
- 3. Amal Kumar Mukhopadhyay, K P Bagchi& Co Political Sociology An introductoryanalysis, 2015.
- 4. Dipankar Gupta, Political Sociology in India: Contemporary Trends, Orient Black Swan,1996.
- 5. Gabriel A Almond and Sydney Verba, The Civic Culture: Political Attitudes and Democracy in Five Nations, , Little, Brown and Company, 1965.
- 6. Douglas Baer, Political Sociology, Oxford University Press, 2002.
- 7. Benedikte Brincker, Hans Reitzel, Introduction to Political Sociology, 2013.
- 8. Betty Dobratz et al, Power, Politics, and Society: An Introduction to Political Sociology,,,Pearson Education, 2011.
- 9. Keith Faulks, Political Sociology: A Critical Introduction, Edinburgh University Press, 1999.
- 10. Kate Nash, Contemporary Political Sociology, Wiley-Blackwell, 2010.
- 11. Anthony Orumand John Dale, Political Sociology: Power and Participation in the ModernWorld, Oxford University Press, 2008.

Course Outcome	On completion of this course, students are expected to have acquired a familiarity
	with major features of contemporary societies that are relevant to politics.
	Acquire an understanding of recent social and political science explanations of
	political processes and events.
	Acquire, more generally, a grasp of the competing approaches in the field
	Comprehend different opportunities to influence political decisions by average
	citizens.

### PSC C -202: COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYSIS

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC -C 202	Comparative Political Analysis	4	20	80
Objectives	To familiarize students with the becomparative politics. To critically examine politics in hengaging with various themes developing countries. To understand governmental system perspective.	nistorical an	d contemporary perspative analysis in de	pectives while eveloped and
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of world history a developed and developing countries		nent and politics of bo	th
Teaching Scheme Regular classroom lectures with periodic formative coursework like term pape problem sets, case studies, report writing, mock exams and presentations will be done with an emphasis to develop coherence among students on both the conceptual understanding and the practical knowledge settings.			tations will be	

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit -I	Comparative Politics: Nature and Scope Comparative Methods: An overview of the field of Comparative Political Analysis. Nature of Traditional and Modern Politics Political Systems and Structural Functional Approach	13
Unit -II	Institutional Approach and New Institutionalism, Development of Neo- institutionalism, Models of New Institutionalism	13
	Actors and Process Political Parties and Party System: Duverger, Giovanni Sartori, and Jean Blondel's Model.	
Unit -III	Actors and Process Electoral Systems, Types of election system (First Past the Post, Proportional Representation, Mixed Representation)	13
	Comparative Governments of U.K, USA and China Constitutionalism, Executive and Legislature	13
Total		52

### **Essential Readings**

- 1. Allbrow, Martin, The Global Age: State and Society: Beyond Modernity, Cambridge.
- 2. Alavi, H. and T. Shanin, Sociology of Developing Societies, London, Macmillan, 1982.
- 3. Alford, Robert A. and Roger Friedland, Powers of Theory, Cambridge, CambridgeUniversity Press, 1985.
- 4. Bottomore, T.B, Elites and Society, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1985.
- 5. Cantori, L.J and A. H. Ziegler edited, Comparative Politics in the Post-Behaviouralist Era, London, Lynne Rienner, 1988.
- 6. Chilcote, Ronald, Theories of Comparative Politics: The Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered, Boulder, Westview Press, 1994.
- 7. Hardtm, Michael and Antonio Negri, Empire, Cambridge, Harvard University Press, 2000.
- 8. Manor, James edited, Rethinking Third World Politics, London, Longman, 1991.
- 9. Moore, B. The Social Origins of Dictatorship and Democracy, Harmondsworth, Pelican, 1966.
- 10. Sartori, G., Parties and Party Systems: A Framework for Analysis., Cambridge, CambridgeUniversity Press, 1976.
- 11. Stephan, Alfred, Arguing Comparative Politics, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 2001.
- 12. Tornquist, Olle, Politics and Development, Delhi. Sage, 1999.
- 13. Wayne, Ellwood, The No-Nonsense guide to Globalisation, London, Verso, 2001.
- 14. Wright, Mills C. The Power Elite, New York, John Wiley, 1959.
- 15. Rahnema, Majid edited. The Post-Development Reader, Dhaka: The University Press, 1997.

Course	By the end of this course Students will able to know:
Outcome	<ul> <li>the diversity of key aspects of political systems around the world and how they affect important outcomes</li> <li>differences across countries such as social movements, political culture, political parties, party systems, regimes, states and policy-making processes</li> <li>the meaning of fundamental concepts in comparative political analysis, including: the state, nations and society, regimes, markets, development, multilevel governance.</li> <li>the meaning of fundamental institutions of democratic regimes: Constitutionalism, legislatures and the executive and Political systems, elections, interest groups.</li> </ul>

### PSC C- 203: CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C- 203	Contemporary Issues in	4	20	80
	International Relations			
Objectives	<ul> <li>The basic objective of this course is:</li> <li>To provide the students a fairly developments and events startin</li> <li>To provide a comprehensive understand the character of cont</li> <li>To enable students to learn ab equip them with the tools to un perspectives.</li> <li>The aim of the course is to multidisciplinary nature where</li> <li>contemporary trend of multidisc</li> </ul>	g from the tand in-decemporary cloout the key aderstand and the student	wentieth century.  epth orientation to haracter of international y milestones in world and analyze the same fr  d International relation t will be accommodate	students to al relations. history and com different
Pre- Requisites	Basic knowledge of world history and p	olitics.		
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures (virtual and a demonstrative exercises like term paper writing, mock examinations and present	writing, MC	Qs, case studies, repor	

### Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	End of bipolarity and changing trends in Super Power Relations	13
Contemporary trends	(a) Terrorism, International Peace and Role of non-State actors	
	Changing Role of the United Nations in International Politics:	
	(a) New Challenges of Peacekeeping	
	(b) UN and Human Development	
	(b) Structural Reform of the UN	
Unit-II	Politics on Nuclearisation	13
Contemporary	Ecological and Development issues, Global Commons	
processes		
Unit-III	Major Powers and West Asia	13
Major powers and	(a) Major Powers and South Asia	
Regional Conflicts	(b) Politics of the Indian Ocean	
	(c) Geo-Politics of South China Sea	
Unit-IV	Regionalism and Regional Blocs	13
Regionalism and	(a) EU	
Regional Blocs	(b) ASEAN	
	(c) SAARC	
	(d) APEC	
	(e) SCO	
	Total	48

### Reading List

- 1. John T. Rourke, International Politics on the global stage, McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 2. Paul A. Tharp(ed.), Regional International Organisations: Structures and functions,

1971.

- 3. Chris Brown, *Understanding International Relations*, (MacMillan: London, 1997)
- 4. Baral, J.K., International Politics: Dynamics and Dimensions (New Delhi, 1987)
- 5. Bull, Hadley, The *Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics* (New York,1977)
- 6. Thomas J. Volgy et al. (eds.), Major Powers and the Questfor Status inInternationalPoliticsGlobal and Regional Perspectives,

Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.

- 7. Geoff Berridg, Return to the UN: UN diplomacy in Regional Conflicts, Wheatsheaf, 1991.
- 8. Markusthiel, The limits of transnationalism collective identities and Euintegration, Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.
- 9. Juliet Kaarbo, James Lee RayWadsworth, Global Politics, Cengage Learning, 2011.
- 10. Louise L'Estrange, Andrew Hurrell, Regionalism in world politics: RegionalOrganisationand international order, Oxford University Press, 1995.
- 11. Andrew Heywood, Global Politics, Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.

Course Outcome	By the end of this course Students are able to:
	1. Know about the various theatres of international conflicts and the role
	of major powers in them.
	2. Appreciate various aspects of global politics following the end of the
	Cold war and Acquaint themselves with global issues of recent times.
	3. Develop an understanding about the changing role of the UN and the
	reason behind the strengthening of regional international organisations.

### PSC C- 204: ADMINISTRATIVE THEORY

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC C -204:	Administrative Theory	4	20	80
Objectives	The course will seek to comprehend the broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contours of Administrative system as we understand it today. The different ideological standpoints with regard to various concepts and theories are critically explained with the purpose of highlighting the differences in their perspectives and in order to understand their continuity and change. Furthermore there is a need to emphasize the continuing relevance of these concepts today. Organised into four units this paper aims to highlight different theoretical perspectives on public administration. Further its relevance will be explained through historical evolution of the subject.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge on broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contours of Administrative system			
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Units Topics Hours
--------------------

Unit I: Theories of	Development and Growth of Administrative Theories	;13	
Administration &	Scientific Management Theory: Frederick Winslow Taylor,		
Management	Ecological: Fred. W. Riggs.		
	Max Weber Theory of Bureaucracy Views of Herbert Simon on Decision-Making Systems Approach	13	
Unit-III: Choice Based	Socio- Psychological Approach Perspectives of Public Choice	13	
	Managing Conflict in the Organization: Mary Parker Follett Management by Objectives- Peter Drucker	13	
	Total	52	

### Selected Readings

- 1. Goel, S.L. (2003). Advanced Public Administration, Deep & Deep Publications
- 2. Maheshwari S.R., (1991). Issues and Concepts In Public Administration, New Delhi, Allied Publishers.
- 3. Naidu S.P., (1996). Public Administration: Concepts and Theories, Hyderabad, NewAgem International Publishers
- 4. Sharma M.P. and Saldana B. L., (2001), Public Administration in Theory and Practice, Allahabad, KitabMahal
- 5. Buck Susan J. and Morgan Betty N.,(2005). Public Administration in Theory and Practice, Raymond W. Cox Ill, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 6. D. RavindraPrasad, V. SivalingaPrasad, (2010). Administrative Thinkers, SterlingPublishers,
- 7. Mohit Bhattacharya, (2008). New Horizons of Public Administration, Jawahar Publishers & Distributors
- 8. Herbert A. Simon, (1997). Administrative Behavior, 4th Edition, Free Press,
- 9. Thomas R Dye, (2008). Understanding Public Policy: International Edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall,
- 10. Governance: A Reader. (2008) Bidyut Chakrabarty, Mohit Bhattacharya, OxfordUniversity Press, USA

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on:			
Outcome	Broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contours			
	of Administrative system as we understand it today.			
	Continuity and change in the different ideological standpoints and the need to the			
	continuing relevance of these concepts today.			

### PSC C-205: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-II

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks		
PSC C-205	Western Political Thought-II	4	20	80		
Objectives	An attempt has leading philosophical and	This paper focuses on thinkers and themes of western political philosophy. An attempt has been made to understand thinkers and texts both from philosophical and historical perspective. The main objective is to train students in the foundational texts and thinkers of western political philosophy.				
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of	on contemporary re	elevance of political the	ought.		

Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of		
	oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both		
	conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.		

### **Detailed Syllabus**

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Gramsci	13
	Mao-Zedong	
Unit-II	Mary Wollstonecraft	13
	Hannah Arendt	
Unit-III	• Rawls	13
	<ul> <li>Nozick</li> </ul>	
Unit-IV	Frantz Fanon	13
	Rosa Luxemberg	
	Total	52

### **Selected Readings:**

- 1. Aristotle, The Politics, Translated Ernest Braker, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1998 edn.
- 2. Hobbes, Thomas, The Leviathan, Amherst New York, Prometheus Books, 1988.
- 3. Hegel, Georg Wilhelm Fredrik, The Philosophy of Right, Translated by T.M. Knox Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1942.
- 4. Machiavalli, Niccolo, The Prince and The Discourses, translated L. Ricci, New York, ModernLibrary, 1950.
- 5. Kant, Political Writing, Translated by H.B Nisbet, edited by Hans Reiss, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
- 6. Marx Karl 'Economic and Philosophical Manuscripts' 1844. Translated by Lloyd G Easton and Kurt H Guddat in Marx Selections edited by Allen W Wood. New York, Macmillan, 1988 pp40-79.
- 7. Marx Karl, Capital volume 1, Moscow Progress, 1977.
- 8. Avineri Shlomo, Hegel's Theory of the Modern State, Cambridge, Cambridge UniversityPress, 1972.
- 9. Beiner, Ronald and William James Booth, Kant and Political Philosophy New Haven, Yale, University Press, 1993.
- 10. Cohen, G.A, Karl Marx's Theory of History, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1978.
- 11. 'Machiavelli' by Quentin Skinner, 'Hobbes' by Richard Tuck, 'Mill' by William Thomas, 'Marx' by Peter Singer in Great Political Thinkers. Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 12. Macpherson, C.B., The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism, Oxford, OxfordUniversity Press, 1962.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on Nature and			
Outcome	significance of western political thought			
	Continuing significance of the study of the classics and indicates its shortcomings by			
	underlining the need to incorporate new perspectives that have arisen in recent past.			

# \*PSC-206: HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE (Add on-Non-Credit)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC-206:	HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE	Non Credit		
	The course is geared towards equipping the students with conceptual and theoretical understanding of the subject in a very broad sense. It seeks to do so in a synergistic way by coalescing values, concepts, contending debates, theories, and paradigms germane to the course. It is a common course designed to meet the academic requirements of the post-graduate students of Human Rights and Duties Education and Political Science of the department. The course seeks to sharpen the epistemological skills of students in relation to the various theoretical aspects of human rights.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on			
	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

## Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	<ul> <li>Understanding Human Rights</li> <li>Historical Evolution</li> <li>Origin and Development of Human Rights in India</li> </ul>	13
Unit-II	Human Rights and Indian Constitution  • Fundamental Rights  • Directive Principles of State Policies  • Human Rights of the Marginalized	13
Unit-III	<ul> <li>Institutional Mechanisms for Protection of Human Rights</li> <li>National Human Rights Commission</li> <li>State Human Rights Commission</li> <li>Judiciary</li> </ul>	13
Unit-IV	Non-State Actors and Human Rights	13
	Total	52

• Alferdsson, Gudmundur and Eide, Asbjorn, ed., The Universal Declaration of Human

Rights: A Common Standard of Achievement, The Hague, Martinus Nijhoff publishers, 1999.

- Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok, eds. Political Theory: An Introduction, Delhi:Pearson, 2014.
- Dixon, Martin, Textbook on International Law, London: Blackstone Press, 2000.Donnelly, Jack, Universal Human Rights in Theory and Practice, Jaipur: Rawat, 2014.
- Freeman, Michael, Human Rights, New Delhi: Atlantic for Polity Press, 2003.
- Krishnamurthy, B., Ganapathy-Dore, Geetha, European Convention on Human Rights: Sixty Years and Beyond, New Delhi: New Century Publications, 2012.
- Monshipouri, Mahmood, Englehart, Neil, et.al., eds., Constructing Human Rights In TheAge of Globalization, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall, 2004.
- Motilal, Shashi, ed., Applied Ethics and Human Rights: Conceptual Analysis and Contextual Applications, Delhi, Anthem Press, 2011.
- Paul Gordon Lauren, The Evolution of International Human Rights: Visions Seen, Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 2003.
- Rahman, Anisur, ed., Human Rights and Social Security: Perspectives, Issues and Challenges, New Delhi: Manak Publications, 2011.
- Runzo, Joseph, Martin, Nancy M and Sharma, Arvind, Human Rights andResponsibilities in the World Religions, Oxford: One World Publications, 2003.
- Sinha, Manoj Kumar, Enforcement of Economic, Social and CulturalRights:International and National Perspectives, New Delhi: Manak Publications, 2006.

### Course Outcome

The programme enables students to take an analytic and critical stance and deal with questions of how human rights affect social and political processes. At the end of the programme you will be able to

- search for, identify and assess primary sources as well scholarly literature about human rights
- identify, contextualise and use information about the human rights situation in a given country,
- critically appraise source material, including cases from human rights committees and tribunals and reports and summary records from treaty bodies
- analyse a country's situation or an international situation in terms of human rights and formulate human rights-based initiatives and policies
- promote human rights through legal as well as non-legal means
- participate in legal, political and other debates involving human rights in a knowledgeable and constructive way

Sem

ester-IIIPSC C-301: INDIAN POLITICAL

SYSTEM (CBCS)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
	Indian Political System (Choice Based Paper)	4	20	80

Ohiastirvas	This man an also to introduce students the large institutions and muccesses of
Objectives	This paper seeks to introduce students the key institutions and processes of
	governance in India. Organised in four units, the paper deals with historical
	legacies and foundations of Indian state and democracy with reference to the
	making of the Indian Constitution.
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on key institutions and processes of governance in India.
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of
	oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both
	conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.

### Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Preamble	13
The Constitution	Salient features of the Indian Constitution	
Unit-II	Union Executive: President, Vice-President, Council of	13
The Administrative and	Ministers, Prime Minister, Bureaucracy	
Legislative System, Judicial	Parliament: President, Rajya Sabha, Lok Sabha, Speaker	
System	of the Lok Sabha, Supreme Court, High Court and	
	Subordinate Courts	
Unit-III Electoral Politics	Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Electoral Politics	13
Unit-IV Decentralization and	Indian Federalism: (a) Centre-State Relations	13
Devolution	(b) National Integration (c) NDC and Niti Ayog	
	Total	52

### Selected Readings

- 1. Subhash C Kashyap, Óur Political System', National Book Trust of India, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India', Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 1990.
- 3. C P Bhambri, Politics in India 1947-87', \_Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1988.
- 4. Paul R Brass, \_The Politics in India since independence', Cambridge University Press,New Delhi, 1992.
- 5. BidyutChakraborthy, Forging Powers: Coalition politics in India, Oxford UniversityPress, New Delhi, 2005.
- 6. Bowmbal K R and Choudhury L P, Aspects of democratic government and politics inIndia, Atma Ram and Sons, Delhi, 1968.
- 7. Rajani Kothari, Politics in India, Orient Blackswan, 2013.
- 8. Guha, Ramachandra (2008). India after Gandhi: the history of the world's largestdemocracy (Indian Ed.). India: Picador.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	<ul> <li>The key institutions and processes of governance in India.</li> </ul>
	Historical legacies and foundations of Indian state and democracy with
	reference to the making of the Indian Constitution.

### PSC CE-302 (A): INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

(Core Elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE-302 (A)	Indian Political Thought	4	20	80
Objectives	The focal theme of the paper is to focus on Indian philosophical systems of thought on social and political ideas and to what extent is Indian Political thought a rejection, derivative-imitation or innovative-transformation of Western Political Thought.  It is an attempt to discuss systematically the political ideas of various political and social leaders and thinkers of India. Organised into four units, the paper emphasizes the distinctive contribution of Indian thinkers to political theorizing and the relative autonomy of Indian political thought.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on Indian philosophical systems of thought			
Teaching Scheme	oral & PPT pres	entation, group d	vith assessment of stu iscussion, term paper I understanding on the	etc to have both

### Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Manu and Kautilya	013
Unit-II	Raja Ram Mohan Roy Vivekananda	13
Unit-III	B.R. Ambedkar M.K. Gandhi Jawaharlal Nehru	13
Unit-IV	Ram Manohar Lohiya Jayprakash Narayan	13
	Total	52

### Selected Readings

- 1. Ambedkar, B.R., Annihilation of Caste, edited by Mulk Raj Anand, Delhi, ArnoldPublisher,
- 2. Appadorai, A., Indian Political Thinking in the 20th Century (New Delhi, 1987).
- 3. Chatterjee, P., Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World:Derivative Discourse?,London,
- 4. Dalton, D.G., Indian Idea of Freedom. Gurgaon, Academy Press, 1984.
- 5. Das, H.H. and Patra, P.S.N., Indian Political Thought (Sterling).
- 6. Jha, D.N., Ancient India: An Introductory Outline. Deihi, People's Publishing House, 1993.
- 7. Karunakaran, K.P., Indian Politics from DadabhaiNauroji to Gandhi, Delhi, Asia 1967.
- 8. Masih, Y., Introduction to Religious Philosophy, Delhi, MotilalBanarsidas. 1971.
- 9. Mehta, V.R., Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Delhi, Manohar Publisher, 1992.
- 10. Mehta, V.R., Ideology, Modernisation and Politics in India. Lahore, Book Traders, 1990.
- 11. Mishra, J.K. Indian Political Tradition: Ancient and Modern, 1993.
- 12. Mohanty, Dushmanta, Indian Political Tradition (New Delhi, 1997).
- 13. Narvane, V.S. Modern Indian Thought, New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1978.

- 14. Padhi, K.S., Indian Political Tradition (Berhampur, 1997).
- 15. Pantham, T. and Deutsch, K.L. edited, Modern Indian Political Thought, Delhi, Sage, 1986.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	Indian philosophical systems of thought on social and political ideas.
	The political ideas of various political and social leaders and thinkers of India.

# PSC CE -302 (B): POLITICAL PROCESSES IN INDIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE -302 (B)	Political	4	20	80
	Processes in India			
Objectives	analysis of politic this paper focus functioning of the It then examines Indian party syste bodies of governa	es of the country of es in detail on political system. the functioning of em, civil society grance. The major coully analyzed along	s to be grounded in concerned. Thus, organithe political processor various social movem coups and the statutory contradictions of the In with an assessment of	nised in four units, es and the actual nents, the nature of and constitutional dian political
Pre-Requisites		of the political p	processes and the act	ual functioning of
Teaching Scheme	oral & PPT pres	sentation, group d	vith assessment of stu iscussion, term paper il understanding on the	etc to have both

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit I: Nature of Indian State	State, Economy and Development: Nature of Indian State, New Economic Policy Process of Globalisation: Social and Economic implications	13
Unit-II: Social Movements and Civil Society Groups	Social Movements: Dalit, Tribal, Women, Farmers, Environment. Civil Society Groups: Non-Party Social Formations, Non-Governmental Organisations, Social Action Groups.	13
Unit-III: Electoral Politics in India	Social and Ideological bases: National and Regional Parties Coalition Politics at the national and state level Electoral Process and Election Commission of India.	13
Unit IV Constitutional and Statutory Bodies	Constitutional and Statutory Bodies: Comptroller and Auditor\General, Finance Commission, National Commission for Scheduled Castes, National Commission for Scheduled Tribes, National Commission for Human Rights, National Commission for Women, National Commission for Minorities.	
	Total	52

### **Selected Readings**

- 1. Chatterjee, Partha. 2010. "The state," in Niraja Gopal Jayal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India. New Delhi: OUP.
- 2. Das, Samir Kumar. 2013. -Introduction: Surveying the literature on state in post-Independence India, in Samir Kumar Das (ed.). ICSSR research surveys and explorations: Political Science, Vol.1. New Delhi: ICSSR/Oxford University Press.
- 3. Menon, Nivedita and Aditya Nigam. 2007. Power and contestation: India since 1989. New Delhi: Zed.
- 4. Basu, Amrita. 2010. -Gender and Politics, I in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 5. Guru, Gopal -Social justice, in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 6. Jhodka, Surinder. 2010. -Caste and politics," in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 7. Pai, Sudha. 2013. Dalit assertion. New Delhi: OUP short introduction series.
- 8. Xaxa, Virginius. 2005. "Politics of language, religion and identity: Tribes in India," Economic and Political Weekly, 40(13).
- 9. Kaviraj, Sudipta. 2001. "In search of civil society," in Sudipta Kaviraj and Sunil Khilnani. Civil society: History and possibilities. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 10. Kothari, Smitu. 1993. -Social Movements and the redefinition of democracy in Philip Oldenburg (ed.). India briefing. Boulder: Westview Press.
- 11. Mohanty, Manoranjan and Partha Nath Mukherji (eds.). 1998. People's rights: Socialmovements and the state in the Third World. New Delhi: Sage.
- 12. Nayar, Deepak. 2006. –India's unfinished journeys: Transforming growth into development, Modern Asian Studies 40(3), pp.797-832. .
- 13. Sachs, Jeffrey, Ashutosh Varshney and Nirupam Bajpai (eds). 2000. India in the era ofeconomic reforms. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 14. Suri, K.C. 2006. -Political economy of agrarian distress. Economic and Political Weekly 15. 41(16), 1523-29.
- 16. Kohli, Atul. 2001. -Introduction, in Atul Kohli (ed.). The success of India's democracy. New Delhi: Cambridge/Foundation.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	The political processes and the actual functioning of the political system.
	The major contradictions of the Indian political process along with an assessment of
	its relative success and failures

# PSC CE-303 (A): INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY (Core elective-Optional)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark	
SPS-303(A)	India's Foreign Policy	4	20	80	
Objectives	To introduce students to issues that influence the po	The basic objective of this course is:  To introduce students to the mechanics of foreign policy making and the issues that influence the policy in order for them to develop a perspective on the emerging trends in Indian foreign policy			
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of the new War-II,Cold War, the UN	cessities of for	eign relations, W	orld orld	

Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures (virtual and actual) with periodic evaluative		
	anddemonstrative exercises like term paper writing, MCQs, case studies,		
	report writing, mock examinations and presentations will be done.		

### Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topics	Hours
Uit-I	Determinants of India's Foreign Policy: domestic and international	13
	Evolution of Indian Foreign Policy: Pre-Independence to Post-Independence	
Unit-II	Making of India's Foreign Policy: Institutions, Structure, and Processes Continuity and change in foreign policy: Non-Alignment, Terrorism, Energy Security, Indian Diaspora	13
Unit-III	Relations with Global and Regional International Institutions: UN, WTO, ASEAN, APEC, EU, IORA, SAARC	13
Unit-IV	India and neighbours: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal and Sri Lanka India and Major Powers: United States, PRC and Russia India's global aspirations and its constraints (with special emphasis on National Security and India's Economic and Nuclear Policy)	13
	Total	52

### Reading List

- 1. Kanti Bajpai, Saira Basit, Krishnappa, V. eds., India's Grand Strategy: History, theory, cases, Routledge India, 2014.
- 2. J. Bandyopadhyaya, The Making of India's Foreign Policy: Determinants, Institutions, Processes, And Personalities, Allied Publishers, 1970.
- 3. J. N. Dixit, Indian Foreign Policy and its Neighbours, Gyan Publishing, 2001.
- 4. Sumit Ganguly, India's Foreign Policy-Retrospect and Prospect, Oxford, 2010.
- 5. Sumi tGanguli, Indian foreign Policy (short introduction), Oxford, 2019.
- 6. Anjali Ghosh, Tridib Chakrobroti, Anindyo Jyoti Majumdar and Shibashis Chatterjee, eds., India's Foreign Policy, Pearson, 2009.
- 7. C. Raja Mohan, Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's New Foreign Policy, Penguin Books, 2005.
- 8. Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Foreign Policy: Selected Speeches, September 1946-April 1961, Publications Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Govt. of India,1961.
- 9. Nancy Jetly and Rajendra Prasad, India's Foreign Policy: Challenges And Prospects, Vikas Pub. House, 1999.
- 10. S.D. Muni, India's foreign Policy, The Democracy Dimension, Foundation Books, 2009.
- 11. Shashi Tharoor, Reasons of State: Political development and India's foreign policy underIndira Gandhi, Vikas Publishing House pvt ltd., 1982.
- 12. B.R. Nanda edited India's Foreign Policy in the Nehru Years, VikasPublishing House pvtltd., 1976.
- 13. V. P. Dutta, India's Foreign Policy since Independence, National Book Trust, 2007.

Course	On completion of this course, students are expected to
Outcome	Understand the basic features of Indian foreign policy that have evolved over seven
	decades of nationhood.
	Understand processes of policy making and appreciate the complexities involved in it.
	Appreciate the role of various Prime Ministers in the foreign policy making.
	Know the challenges that India faces in its neighbourhood and the reasons behind the
	policy stances.
	Gain an understanding of the history and current India's policy with regards to our
	relations with important world players and regional powers.
	Understand India's stand on Nuclear Weapons and the restructuring of the UN.

# PSC CE-303(B) INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS OF SOUTH ASIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks	
PSC CE-303(B)	International Relations of South Asia	4	20	80	
•	International relations of South Asia are based on the study of South Asia as a region. The course will consider a number of conceptual and policies' questions and explore how the South Asian region has been transforming with the globalization of its economy, the resurgent ethnic conflicts, situated in a nuclearized security environment and the ever deepening and rapidly pervading connections with the global and local extremism and terrorism.				
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on International relations of South Asia				
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual				
	clarity as well as pract	tical understanding	g on the subject.		

## Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours			
Unit-I	The Origins and nature of South Asian States.				
	Socio-Cultural Structures and the Post-colonial challenges of State construction and nation-building.				
Unit-II	Limits of Structural realism and South Asian security.	13			
Unit-III	Deterrence theory and Nuclearization of South Asia	13			
	Borders and Boundaries : Security Challenges	14			
Unit-IV	Internal Conflict and Porous Borders				
	Democratization and the Crises of Governance.				
	Migration, Refugee problems				
	Human development				
	Total	52			

## Selected Readings

- 1. Bose, Sugata and Ayesha Jalal (2004), Modern South Asia: History, Culture, PoliticalEconomy, London: Routledge.
- 2. Ludden, David (2002), India and South Asia: A Short History, Oxford: One WorldPublishers.
- 3. Nandy, Ashis (1983), The Intimate Enemy: The Loss and Recovery of the Self underColonialism. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 4. Jalal, Ayesha (1995), Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia: A Comparative and Historical Perspective. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Sridharan, E. (ed.) (2011), International Relations Theory and South Asia. New Delhi:Oxford University Press.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on			
Outcome	A number of conceptual and policies' questions and explore how the South Asian			
	region has been transforming with the globalization of its economy,			
	The resurgent ethnic conflicts, situated in a nuclearized security environment and the			
	ever deepening and rapidly pervading connections with the global and local			
	extremism and terrorism			

# PSC C E 304 (A): PUBLIC POLICY AND GOVERNANCE (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE 304(A)		4	20	80
Objectives	policy and adminis effectiveness in tra policies and making decentralization, fin welfare from a non different dimension contemporary times concept of governa administration, deve	stration in India. Inslating the gove g it a part of the chancial managemental-western perspect as of governance is. There is a need ance in the context allowed the context and the context a	oduction to the interfactor of public raining philosophy into community living. It does not community living the major does not compute the community living the community living the community living the community living the community living.	e policy lies in its o programmes and eals with issues of istration and social with concepts and jor debates in the importance of the orld, environment,
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge or	n Public Policy and	d Governance	
Teaching Scheme Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by me oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.				o have both

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Theoretical understanding of Governance: Governance: Meaning, Definition, Types. Difference between Government and Governance, Evolution of the concept of governance as a part of the neo-liberal discourse, and its critique.	1
Unit-II	Issues of State and Development: Society, State and Market: Autonomy, Strength and Weakness New Public Management and its critique	13

Unit-III	Public Policy and Social Reform: Public Policy: Meaning, Nature and Types, Public Policy Process in India. Public policy and Human Security: Public Policies with special reference to Housing, Health, Drinking Water, Food Security, MNREGA, NHRM, RTE Act, The New Education Policy 2020.	
Unit-IV	Institutional Mechanisms for Governance Reform: Good Governance; E-Governance, Right to Information, Citizen Charter: Public Delivery System, Corporate Social Responsibility, Ombudsman, Lokpal and Lokayukta	
	Total	52

Course	by the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on			
Outcome	The philosophical basis of the ideologies with special emphasis on key			
	thinkers and their theoretical formulations.			
	The legacy of all the major ideologies.			

# PSC CE-304 (B): SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND INCLUSIVE POLICY (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC C E 304(A)		4	20	80
Objectives	and practical aspectively way that it would various aspects and and mechanism of and mechanism of a conceptualizing caste/ethnicity and Developing unders exclusion.  Contextualizing and Developing an unders the problem of exclusion and the problem of exclusion.	cts of social exclu- give wider exposed dimension of So- inclusion, the spec- discrimination, or religion, tanding of the nated d problematizing of erstanding of discress for protecting the		designed in such a not only about the so on various tools nis course are usion based on discrimination and on and inclusion. Ical level.
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on theoretical and practical aspects of social exclusion and policy for social inclusion.			
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Unit	Topics	Hours			
Unit-I	Social Exclusion- Concept, Approaches	13			
	Historical Background of the Concept of Social Exclusion; humiliation,				
	inequalities- social, economic and political, untouchability, stigmatization,				
	discrimination, deprivation, marginalization				
Unit-II	Forms of Social Exclusion	13			
	I Religion, Race, Caste, Class, Gender, Indigenous/Adivasi, Disability				
	Migrants and Refugees, Region, Language and Ethnicity, Illness.				
Unit-III	Ability Enhancement : Education and Social Exclusion	13			
	Minorities: Rights and Inclusive Policy				
	Scheduled Castes: Rights and Inclusive Policy				
	Scheduled Tribes: Rights and Inclusive Policy				
	Disability: Rights and Inclusive Policy				
	Women: Rights and Inclusive Policy				
	Gender beyond Binaries: Rights and Inclusive Policy				
	Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy- the link: Reservation policies for the	14			
Unit-IV	socially and educationally backward in India.				
	Issues and Challenges in Public Policy				
	Total	52			

Course	1. The course provides an insight into the historical background of the concept social
Outcome	exclusion
	2. The students will see how the concept is related to various theoretical concepts of inequality, poverty and discrimination
	3. It discusses different modes of social exclusion with case studies from India and elsewhere
	4. It discusses case studies relating to social exclusion with a specific focus on poverty, discrimination, deprivation and inequality

# PSC CE-305 (A): POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE-305 (A):	Political Ideologies	4	20	80
Objectives	This paper studies the role of different political ideologies and their impact in politics. Each ideology is critically studied in its historical context. In course of its evolution and development, the different streams and subtle nuances within each ideology, the changes and continuities in its doctrine and its relevance to contemporary times are highlighted.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on different Political Ideologies			
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Unit	Topics	Hours
------	--------	-------

Unit-I	Contemporary Perspectives-I: Liberalism, Marxism, Feminism,	
Unit-II	Contemporary Perspectives-II: Neo Liberalism, Neo- Marxism, 1 Multiculturalism, Post Modernism, Ecologism	
Unit-III	Nationalism: European & Non-European, Internationalism	
Unit-IV	A Debate on end of Ideologies	13
	Total	52

### Selected Readings

- 1. B. Anderson; Imagined Communities, London, Verso, 1991.
- 2. S. Avineri and A. de Shalit (eds.), Communitarianism and Individualism, Oxford,
- 3. Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 4. L. P. Baradat, Political Ideologies: Their Origins and Impact, Englewood Cliffs NJPrentice Hall, 1989.
- 5. R. M. Christenson, et al., Ideologies and Modern Politics, London, Thomas Nelson and Sons, 1971.
- 6. R. H. Cox, Ideology, Politics and Political Theory, Belmont California, Wadsworth, 1969.
- 7. C. Funderbunk and R.G. Thobaben, Political Ideologies: Left, Center and Right, New York, Harper Collins College Publishers, 1994.
- 8. P. Gay, The Dilemma of Democratic Socialism: Eduard Bernstein's challenge to Marx, New York, Columbia University Press, 1952.
- 9. J. Gray, Liberalisms: Essays in Political Philosophy, London, Routledge, 1989.
- 10. D. Ingersoll and R.K. Mathews, The Philosophic Roots of Modern Ideologies: LiberalismCommunism and Fascism, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1991.
- 11. W. Kymlicka, Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Introduction, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1990.
- 12. W. Lerner, A History of Socialism and Communism in Modern Times: Theorists, Activists and Humanists, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1995.
- 13. G. Lichtheim, A Short History of Socialism, London, Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1970.
- 14. R. C. Macridis, Contemporary Political Ideologies: Movements and Regimes, New York, Harper Collins, 1992.
- 15. H. C. Mansfield, The Spirit of Liberalism, Cambridge, Harvard University Press.
- 16. P. Marshall, Demanding the Impossible: A History of Anarchism, London, HarperCollins, 1992.
- 17. R. Plant, Modern Political Thought, Cambridge, Basil Blackwell, 1991.
- 18. G. H. Sabine, A History of Political Theory revised by T.L. Thorson, New Delhi, Oxfordand IBH, 1973.
- 19. M. Seliger, Ideology and Politics, London, Allen and Unwin, 1976.
- 20. M. Q. Sibley, Political Ideas and Ideologies: A History of Political Thought, New Delhi, Surject Publications, 1981.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	The philosophical basis of the ideologies with special emphasis on key thinkers and
	their theoretical formulations.
	The legacy of all the major ideologies.

# PSC CE-305(B) CRITICAL TRADITIONS IN POLITICAL THEORY (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE-305(B)	Critical Traditions in Political	4	20	80
	Theory			
Objectives	While the compulsory papers provide the necessary and mainstream bedrock of political theory, ancient and modern, this course highlights the primary challenges to mainstream liberal theory. It does so from various perspectives which would not otherwise receive the fuller treatment they deserve			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on the necessary and mainstream bedrock of political theory, ancient and modern			
	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

### Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I Introduction	Interrogating tradition	13
	What is a critique?	
	The importance of a critical tradition	
Unit-II		13
Dalit Bahujan Critique	Critique of the theory and practice of caste	
	Theorising the encounter with modernity	
		13
Unit-III Feminism	Theories of knowledge, critiques of science and rationality	
Unit-IV	Theories of the Public/Private, Equality/Difference	13
Gender and Sexuality	Gender and Sexuality	
	Total	52

### Selected Readings

- 1. Dobson, Andrew, Green Political Thought, 2nd. Ed., London: Routledge, 1995.
- 2. Dobson, Andrew, Justice and the Environment, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1998.
- 3. Barrett, Michelle, Women's Oppression Today: Problems in Marxist Feminist Analysis, London: Verso, 1980.
- 4. Evelyn, Fox Keller and Helen Longino (eds.), Feminism and Science, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1996.
- 5. Geetha, V and S Rajadularai, Towards a non-Brahmin Millenium, Calcutta: Samya, 1998.Gilroy, Robert, Green Political Theory, Cambridge, Polity, 1992.
- 6. Jaggar, Alison, Feminist Politics and Human Nature, Harvard: Harvester University Press, 1983. Merchant, Carolyn edited, Ecology: Key concepts in Critical Theory Series, Jaipur: Rawat.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	Necessary and mainstream bedrock of political theory, ancient and modern,
	The primary challenges to mainstream liberal theory.

## \*PSC-AD 306: FEMINISM: THEORIES AND PRACTICES (ADD ON-NON-CREDIT)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
*PSC-AD 306: (ADD ON-NON- CREDIT)	FEMINISM: THEORIES AND PRACTICES	4		
	Objectives: This course is designated feminist theories and concepts different theoretical and discipling gender. How has women's of concepts or theoretical frames? power dimension of women in perspective. It will focus on the social and political structure at emerging feminist discourse an patriarchy	s, by examining linary approach ppression been The objective both public are question of good not process with	the history es to the stu- theorised land of this paper and private spender and it a specific in	y of ideas on and ady of women and by deploying new er is to analyse the phere from gender s relationship with apportance on
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on			
	Regular Classroom lectures ald oral & PPT presentation, group conceptual clarity as well as pra	discussion, term	n paper etc t	to have both

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Approaches to understanding Feminism:	13
	<ul> <li>The sex/gender distinction. Biologism Versus Social Constructivism</li> <li>Understanding Patriarchy</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical Feminism, New Feminis Schools/Traditions</li> </ul>	t
Unit-II	<ul> <li>History of Feminism</li> <li>Origin of Feminism</li> <li>Family in Contemporary India - Patrilineal and Matrilineal Practices.</li> <li>Gender Relations in the Family, Entitlements and Bargaining, Property Rights</li> </ul>	13

Unit-III	Understanding Woman's Work and Labour	13
Omt-III	Sexual Division of Labour- Productive and Reproductive labour,	
	Visible - Invisible Work – Unpaid and Paid work	
Unit-IV	The Indian Experience	13
	Social Reforms Movement and Position of Women in India	
	• Women's Participation in Anti-Colonial And National Liberation	1
	Movements in India	
	Total	52

### Suggested Readings:

- > Jagger, Alison. (1983) Feminist Politics and Human Nature. U.K.: Harvester Press, pp.
- **>** 25-350.
- Lerner, Gerda. (1986) The Creation of Patriarchy. New York: Oxford University Press.
- > Rowbotham, Shiela. (1993) Women in Movements. New York and London: Routledge,
- > Section I, pp. 27-74 and 178-218.
- ➤ Jayawardene, Kumari. (1986) Feminism and Nationalism in the Third World. London:Zed Books, pp. 1-24, 71-108, and Conclusion

Course	After reading this course the students will	
Outcome	<ul> <li>Identify major trends and theorists in Women's and Gender Studies</li> <li>Become familiar with key concepts in feminist theories and the debates associated with them.</li> <li>Become familiar with significant writings in feminist theories both in India and elsewhere</li> <li>Learn how to identify arguments from key texts, present them orally and in writing through assessments.</li> </ul>	

### Semester -IV

# PSC CE 401-(A) NEW SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	 Internal Marks	External Marks
	NEW SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA	20	80

Objectives	Under the influence of globalization, development processes in India have undergone transformation to produce spaces of advantage and disadvantage and new geographies of power. A variety of protest movements emerged to interrogate and challenge this development paradigm that evidently also weakens the democratic space so very vital to the formulation of critical consensus. This course proposes to introduce, students to the conditions, contexts and forms of political contestation over development paradigms and their bearing on the retrieval of democratic voice of citizens. To introduce the Social and Political movements in the Post – independent India with special reference to mobilization politics like movements for the formation of States, agrarian movements, anti – caste movements and movements related to development issues. To help the students to develop the capability of standing the perspectives of three major ideological strands represented by agrarian movements, Anti – caste movements & Women's movement. To help students to understand the impact of movements on shaping the pattern of politics.
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on the new social and political movements in India
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.

### Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Social and Political Movements: Concepts, Theories and Types. Social and Political Movements in India: Background, History and Debate	13
Unit-II	Peasant's Movement: Genesis and Growth Tribal Movements: Issues and Dynamics	13
Unit-III	Dalit and Backward Caste Movement: Issues, Leaderships and organizations. Women's Movement: Gender Justice and Empowerment, Challenges to Women's Movement-Fundamentalism, Caste, Violence, and Moral Policing	1
Unit-IV	Environmental Movements: Chipko Movement, Silent Valley Movement & Narmada Bachao Andolan. State, Civil Society and Social Movements in India.	13
	Total	52

### Suggested Readings:

- 1. Basu, Amrita (edited): The Challenge of Local Feminism: Women's Movements in Global Perspective, New Delhi, 1999.
- 2. Shah Ghanshyam: Social Movements and the State, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. Shah Ghanshyam : Social Movements in India: A Review of the LIterature, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1990.
- 4. MohantyManoranjan (ed): Caste, Class and Gender, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2004
- 5. Oommen, T.K., (ed): Social Movements (Vol I and Vol II) OUP, New Delhi, 2010.

- 6. Singh, K.S.,: Tribal Movement in India
- 7. Gail, Omvedt: Reinventing Revolution: New Social Movements and the Socialist, 1993
- 8. Wilkinson Paul: Social Movements.
- 9. Rao, M.S.A., Social Movements in India, New Delhi, Manohar, 1981.
- 10. Desai, Neera (ed.), Decade of Women's Movement in India, Bombay HimalayaPublishing House, 1988.
- 11. Shah Ghanshyam , Caste and Democratic Politics in India, Delhi: Permanent Black , 2008.
- 12. Jaffrelot, Christophe India¶s Silent Revolution: The Rise of the Low Castes in NorthIndian Politics, Delhi: Permanent Black, 2011.
- 13. M.V. Nadarkarni: Farmer's Movement in India, Allied, New Delhi, 1987.
- 14. T. K. Oommen: Nation, Civil Society and Social Movements, Sage, Delhi, 2004.
- 15. Rajendra Singh (ed.): Social Movement, Old and New: A Post-Modern Critique, SagePublishers, New Delhi, 2001.
- 16. Ashish Ghosh (ed.): Dalits and Peasants: The Emerging Caste-Class Dynamics, GyanSagar Publication, 1999.

Course	After reading this course the students will		
Outcome	• Know the importance of a study of social movements in understanding		
	politics?		
	• Know the difference between riot and social movement.		
	• Know the common elements of different definitions of social movement?		
	• Know the main components of social movements?		
	• Know the difference between _social' and _political' movements?		

# PSC CE 401-(B) LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE 401(B)	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA	4	20	80
Objectives	The paper contributes to the better institutional structures, functioning them by the state or the centre and government is the most important programs impact residents, workers, a daily basis. It is the end point that local governments exercise important plan and pay for most roads, run parant plan and pay for most roads, run parant residents to promote the common governments it is to serve the constituent livelihood, healthcare, and other published the study of local politics, policy, and the local institutions viz., Panchayati	and dutied which a level of and agriculture connects the function bublic sclus. Local good; and acy by price services ministration of the control of the con	es including the are of interest government. Ilture and its all society and the sin the scheme hools, provide governments the sole purporoviding justice es. Local Government public	ose entrusted to to locals. Local Its policies and lied activities on a state. State and e of States. They water, establish are established use of the offices e, infrastructure, mment Studies is management by
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on local politic management by the local institution Governments.	-	<del>-</del>	-
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along woral & PPT presentation, group discu conceptual clarity as well as practical	ssion, ter	m paper etc to	have both

### **Detailed Syllabus**

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I: Local Government and	Meaning, Concept and Significance of Local	13
Decentralization	Government in India (Urban and Rural), Constitutional	
	Frame work relating to Local governments in India.	
	Theories of Decentralization, Concept of Delegation,	
	De-Concentration and Devolution: its Benefits.	
	Significance of Development of Rural and Urban	
	Institutions in India	
Unit-II: Evolution of Local	Local Governments (Urban and Rural): Evolution,	13
Governments	Meaning, Features, Significance and Leadership.	
	73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment Acts.	
	Panchayati Raj Institutions: Composition, Functions,	
	Sources of Income and Significance	
	Urban Local Bodies: Varieties (Metropolitan	13
Unit-III: Urban Local	Corporation, Municipal Corporation, Municipality, Town	
Governments	Panchayat) Meaning, Features, Role and Significance.	
	2. District Administration: Evolution, Features and	
	Functions. District Collector: Colonial legacy, Revenue	
	Administration, Functions and Position.	
Unit-IV: Globalization and	State Finance Commission, State Election Commission.	13
Local Government	Urban-Rural Relationship and Problems.	
	Globalization and Concept of Citizen Centric	
	Administration: Features and Significance Citizen's	
	Charter, Concept of Stake holders and Service Providing.	
	Total	52

### **Suggested Readings**

- 1. Vaddiraju, Anil Kumar. (2017). Federalism and Local Government in India. Delhi: Studium Press Pvt.Ltd.
- 2. Singh, Pankaj. (2017). Rural Local Government in India. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.
- 3. Dollery, Brian., & Robotti, Lorenzo. (2008). The Theory and Practice of Local Government Reform. UK: Edward Elgar.
- 4. Singh. Vijandra, (2003). "Chapter 5: Panchayati Raj and Gandhi". Panchayati Raj and Village Development: Volume 3, Perspectives on Panchayati Raj Administration. Studies in publicadministration. New Delhi: Sarup & Sons.
- 5. Sachdeva, Pardeep. (2000). Urban Local Government and Administration in India. New Delhi: Kitab Mahal.
- 6. Singh, Hoshiar. (1997). Local Government in India, Britain, France and USA. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.
- 7. Chandler, J. A. (1992). Local Government in Liberal Democracies: An Introductory Survey. New York: Routledge.
- 8. Singh Sahib., & Singh, Swinder. (1991). Local Government in India. Jalandhar: New Academic Publishing Co.
- 9. Sachdeva, Pardeep. (1991). Dynamics of Municipal Government and Politics in India. New Delhi: Kitab Mahal.
- 10. Mackenzie, W J. M. (1975). Explorations in Government Collected Papers 1951-1968. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.

Course	After reading thus paper the students will able
Outcome	To know the objective and to help them to take voluntary interest in the elections of
	these institutions.
	To know the local politics, policy, administration and public management by the
	local institutions viz., Panchayati Raj and Urban Governments.

# PSC CE—402 (A): FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWERS (Core elective-Optional)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC CE—402 (A)	Foreign Policy of Major Powers	4	20	80
Objectives	<ol> <li>The basic objective of this course</li> <li>Familiarise students with post world.</li> <li>To train the students and maltheforeign policy formulation like</li> <li>the US, Russia, and China</li> </ol>	world war- ke them trac	te the ideas and links	that direct
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of international r policyand political developments i		•	
	Regular classroom lectures with paper, problem sets, case studies, will be done with an emphasis to the conceptual understanding and	report writing develop co	g, mock exams and proherence among stude	esentations

Units	Topi	Hours
	cs	
Unit-I	Foreign Policy Analysis: The Nature of Foreign Policy and	13
	TheoreticalAnalysis	
	Phases of Foreign Policy: Foreign Policy during Cold War, Post-Cold	
	Warand in New World Order	
Unit-II	US Foreign Policy: From Isolationism to	13
	ContainmentUS and South Asia	
	US and Middle	
	EastUS and	
	China	
	Emerging Trends in US Foreign Policy and Asian Pivot	
Unit-III	Foreign Policy of the Peoples Republic of	13
	ChinaDeterminants of Chinese Foreign	
	Policy	
	Sino-US	
	RapprochementSino –	
	Russian Relations	
	Emerging trends in Chinese Foreign Policy	

Unit-IV	Foreign Policy of the Russian Federation	13
	Major parameters in Russian Foreign	
	Policy	

Total 52

### **Essential Readings**

- 1. Almond, Gabriel, The American People and Foreign Policy (New York, 1950)
- 2. Aron, Raymond, The Imperial Republic: The United States and the World (New Delhi, 1974).
- 3. Baral, J.K., Pentagon and American Foreign Policy-Making (New Delhi, 1987).
- 4. Bell, Coral, The Diplomacy of Détente (New Delhi, 1977).
- 5. Fairbank, John K., China Revisited (London, 1974)
- 6. Gordon, Bernard K., New Directions for American Policy in Asia (London, 1990)
- 7. Kissinger, Henry, American Policy- a Global View (Singapore, 1982).
- 8. Nathan, James A. And James K. Oliver, United States Foreign policy and world order(Boston 1985)
- 9. Palmer, Norman D., The US and India (New York, 1984)
- 10. Starr, John Bryan, The future of US-China Relations (New York, 1981)
- 11. Chan Gerald, Chinese Perspective on International Relations, New Zealand, Houndsmill, Macmillan University Press, 1999.
- 12. Cronin Patrick M. From Globalism to Regionalism: Sew Perspectives on US Foreign and Defence Policies, Washington, National Defence University Press, 1993.
- 13. Gaddis Johan Lewis, Strategies of Containment: A Critical Appraisal of Post WarAmerican National Security Policy, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1990.
- 14. GutjahrLothar. German Foreign and Defence Policy after Unification, Pinter Publishers, 1994.
- 15. Haas Richard N, Intervention: The Use of American Military Forces in the Post Cold WarWorld, New York, Carnegie Endowment of International Peace, 1998.
- 16. John Dumbrell, American Foreign Policy: Carter to Clinton, Houndsmill, Macmillan.1997.
- 17. Kanet Roger E and Alexander V. Kozhemiakin. The Foreign Policy of RussianFederation,
- 18. Houndsmill. Macmillan, 1997.
- 19. Larrabee Stephen. The Two German States and European Security, Houndsmill, Macmillan, 1999.
- 20. Sutter Robert G., Shaping China's Future in World Affairs: The Role of U.S. Boulder, Westview, 1996.
- 21. Whetten Lawrence L., Germany East and West: Conflicts, Collaboration and Confrontations,
- 22. New Jersey, Princeton University. Press, 1980.
- 23. Zwick Peter. Soviet Foreign Relations: Process and Policy. New Jersey, Prentice Hall,1990.

Course Outcome	By the end of this course Students will able to know:
	i. the factors and mechanisms that guide foreign policy objectives of the
	major powers. Understand the nature and orientation of Foreign Policy from
	the Cold war days and its evolution through the Post-Cold War world order
	to today.
	The various challenges these powers posed before the world countries and
	what others must learn from them.

(Core elective-Optional)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC CE-402(B)	Problems of International Relations		20	80
Objectives	This course has been designed into the numerous dimensions. Organisations, Understanding Process of Regionalism. It will deliberate towards important emerging a powers in the present environs be its emphasis regional organists.	s of Regionary the concept the concept the upon Indinations and animent. A uniment.	alism and Regional otual and theoretica a's strategic appro established world ique feature of the	al aspects of ach course will
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of internation of the current dynamics of the			ng
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures termpaper, problem sets, ca and presentations will be do coherence amongstudents on practical knowledge settings.	nse studies, ne with an or both the co	report writing, n emphasis to devel	nock exams op

### Detailed Syllabus

Units		Topics	Hours
Unit-I		Understanding the Conceptual and	13
Regionalism and	Regional	Theoretical Aspects of Process	
Organization		of Regionalism	
		Regional Organization: Growth and	
		Classification	
		Significance of Regional Organisations in	
		India'sForeign Policy	
Unit-II		Genesis and Growth, Issues and Concerns,	13
SAARC		SummitDiplomacy	
		India's Role in SAARC, European Union	
Unit-III		Background and Civilization Ties: Look East and	13
India and South-East Asia		ActEast Policy of India	
		India's Priorities: Security, Energy and Trade	
Unit-IV		Understanding BRICS: Origin, Agenda and	13
India and BRICS		InfluenceIndia-BRICS Engagement	
		New Development Bank and Impact of BRICS	
		onIndia's overall Strategic interests.	
		T	52
		0	
		t	
		a	
		1	

### Reading List

- 1. Oliver Stuenkel (2015) The BRICS and the future of Global Order, Lexington Press.
- 2. Uwe Becker, (Ed) (2014), The BRICS and Emerging Economics in Comparative Perspectives: Political Economy, Liberalisation and Institutional Change,

- Routledge, NewYork.
- 3. BhabaniSen Gupta (1993) -SAARC: Asian Prospect and Problems of Intraregional Coopeation. South Asian Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Bhargava, K.K. and Lama M.P (2008) SAARC, 2015: Expanding Horizons and ForgingCooperation in a Resurgent Asia, New Delhi, Friedrich Ebert Stiflung.

- 5. Rama S Melkote, Regional Organisations: A Third World Perspectives, Sterling PublishersPvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1990.
- 6. BaldasGhosal (ed.) 1996, India and South East Asia: Challenges and Opportunities, KonarkPublishers, New Delhi.
- 7. Frederic Grare and Amitabh Matoo, (ed.) 2001 India and ASEAN: The Politics of \_LookEast' Policy, Manohar Publisher, New Delhi
- 8. SudhirDevare (2005) India and South East Asia Towards Security Convergence, Institute of South East Asian Studies, Singapore.
- 9. Fredrik Soderbaum and Timothy M. Shaw (eds) Theories of New Regionalism: A PalgraveReader, Palgrave Macmillan, New York,
- 10. Dash Kishore C, 2008, Origin and Evolution of SAARC: Regionalism in South Asia, Negotiating Cooperation, Institutional Structures, New York, Rutledge.
- 11. RumelDahiya and UdaiBhanu Singh, 2015, Realising the ASEAN-India Vision forPartnership and Prosperity, Pentagon Press,New Delhi

Course Outcome	This course will enable students to:
	• Develop an in-depth examination of the issues and problems associated with increasing world interdependence.
	<ul> <li>Develop theoretical orientation to understand the causes of problems and possible solutions within international security architecture.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To comprehend major issues of global concern and international responses hitherto.</li> </ul>

# PSC CE 403 (A): STATE POLITICS IN ODISHA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks	
PSC CE 403 (A):	State Politics in	4	20	80	
	Odisha				
Objectives	This course expec	This course expects the students to study one state in an in-depth manner to			
	understand how the	he political proces	s evolves at the State	e level. It will also	
	allow the students	to do assignments	based on field studies	. The study is to be	
	done from socio-	historical as well	as political economy	perspectives. The	
	course seeks to sensitize students to the changes in the political process over				
	the period of over half a century from 1936 to the present.				
	This Course aims to provide knowledge on political culture, institutional				
	governance and variation in Internal Political Pattern within the state of Odisha. It focuses on regional political parties and pattern of voting behavior				
	among the people of Odisha. It also focuses on the political history of the				
	state of Odisha.				
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge	on the government	and politics in Odisha	ι	
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of				
	oral & PPT presen	tation, group discu	ssion, term paper etc t	o have both	
	conceptual clarity	as well as practica	l understanding on the	subject.	

Units	Topics	Hours
-------	--------	-------

Unit-I	Emergence of Odisha as a separate state	13
	Political Culture of Odisha.	
	Sub-regionalism Politics & Regional Disparity	
Unit-II	Election and Voting Behaviour: Elections in Odisha	13
	Coalitional Politics in Odisha	
Unit-III	Rile of Regional Political Parties	13
	Ganatantra Parishad	
	Jana Congress,	
	Utkal Congress	
	Biju Janata Dal	
Unit-IV	Women Politics: Political Participation of Women.	13
	Scheduled Castes: Leadership and Political Participation	
	Scheduled Tribes: Leadership and Political Participation	
	Total	52

### Suggested Readings.

- 1. Harihara Das, B.C. Choudhury, -Federal and State Politics in India,, Discovery Publication, New Delhi, 1990.
- 2. J.K.Mahapatra, -Factional Politics in Indial, Chugh Publication, Allahabad, 1985.
- 3. Sukadev Nanda, Coalition Politics in Odisha, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 1979.
- 4. Sunit Ghosh, Odisha in Turmoil: A Study of Political Developments, Book landInternational, Bhubaneswar, 1979.
- 5. P. Padhy, (ed.) Indian State Politics, B. R. Publishing Corporation, Delhi, 1985.
- 6. B. K. Patnaik, -The Politics of Floor Crossing in Odishall, Santosh Publication, Cuttack, 1985.
- 7. B.B Jena and J. K. Baral, -Government and Politics in Odishall, (ed), Print House, Lucknow: 1988.
- 8. D. Bhuyan, and S. Muni, Coalitional Politics in Odisha, Abhijeet Publications, NewDelhi: 2010.
- 9. D. Bhuyan, and Dayanidhi Parida, -Role of Regional Parties in Odishal, Abhijeet Publication, New Delhi: 2010.
- 10. R K Pradhan & D. Bhuyan, State Politics in Odisha, SSDN Publishers , New Delhi.
- 11. D. Bhuyan, Odisha Government and Politics: Institutions and processes, A. K. MishraPublishers Pvt. Ltd, Cuttack

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	Political culture, institutional governance and variation in Internal Political Pattern
	within the state of Odisha.
	The political history of the state of Odisha.

# PSC CE 403(B): POLITICAL ECONOMY AND DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION INODISHA (Core elective-Optional)

Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
4	20	80
	Credit 4	4 20

Objective	This course examines the political economy of Odisha. Throughout the course we will
S	study many possible determinants of economic growth including institutions, human
	capital, trade, and financial development. We will also examine various strategies that
	governments could employ to promote growth, such as poverty relief programs,
	public investment in education, intellectual property right protection, and industrial
	policies. The course is organized into two broad segments: 1) development in the long
	run, which focuses on history, political systems, and economic institutions, and 2)
	development in the short run, which analyzes the impact of poverty relief programs,
	Union government's aid, international trade, and financial crisis.
Pre-	Basic Knowledge on political economy of the state of Odisha
Requisites	
Teaching	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral &
Scheme	PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as
	well as practical understanding on the subject.

### Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I Introduction to Political Economy	<ol> <li>Meaning, Nature, Significance and Scope of Political Economy</li> <li>Political Economy, Globalisation and Nation States Political Economy of Odisha- Governance and Economic Stability</li> </ol>	13
Unit-II: Political Economy and Domestic Politics	Economic Structure of Odisha, Agrarian Policy of Odisha; Issue of Backwardness and Development of the State	13
Unit-III: Political Economy and Domestic Politics	Industrial induced displacement. Challenges to the development of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes and backward classes	13
Unit-IV: Political Economy and Regionalism	Regional imbalances in Odisha and policy measures to remove regional imbalances, Economic Reforms and Economic transitions in Odisha Poverty; poverty trap and the need for external intervention; issues with micro intervention programs;	13
	Total	52

### Suggested Readings.

- 1. Mill, John Stuart. (2012). Principles of Political Economy. Create Space IndependentPublishing Platform.
- 2. Mill, John Stuart., & Riley, Jonathan. (2008). Principles of Political Economy: and Chapters on Socialism. London: Oxford University Press.
- 3. Weingast, Barry R. & Wittman, Donald. (2008). The Oxford Handbook of PoliticalEconomy. United Kingdom: OUP Oxford.
- 4. Weingast, Barry R. &. Wittman, Donald A. (2006). Oxford The Oxford Handbook OfPolitical Economy. USA: Oxford University Press.
- 5. Payne, (2006). New Political Economy. London: Routledge.
- 6. Usher, Daniel. (2003). Political Economy. New Jersey: Wiley-Blackwell.
- 7. Albritton, Robert. (2003). New Dialectics and Political Economy. UK: Palgrave

- Macmillan.
- 8. Chandhoke, Neera. Priyadarshi, Praveen. (1999). Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics. London: Pearson.
- 9. Bardhan. Pranab, (1998). The Political Economy of Development in India. New Dehli: oxford University Press. Barro, Robert. 1973. "The Control of Politicians: An Economic Model." Public Choice.
- 10. Dunning, Thad, and Janhavi Nilekani. 2013. "Ethnic Quotas and Political Mobilization: Caste, Parties, and Distribution in Indian Village Councils." American Political Science Review. 107(1): 35-56
- 11. Bardhan, Pranab (1994): The Political Economy of Development in India; Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 12. C.T. Kurian (1978): Poverty Planning and Social Transformation An Alternative in Development Planning Allied Publishers, New Delhi
- 13. V. M. Dandekar: The Indian Economy 1947-97; transforming traditional AgricultureVol. I'
- 14. Bimal Jalan : Indian Economic Crisis : The Way Ahead; Oxford University Press, NewDelhi 1992
- 15. Bimal Jalan ,India's Economic Policy Preparing for the 21st Century : Penguin. NewDelhi, 1996.
- 7. A. P. Thirwall' Growth and Development, 6th Edition Macmillan Press Ltd., 1999.
- 8. Vijay Joshi: IMD Little; India's Economy Reforms; Oxford University Press. New Delhi,1991-2001.
- 16. Usha Kapila, Indian Economy Since Independence; Vol. I, II & III, AcademicFoundation. New Delhi.
- 17. Usha Kapila, Recent Developments in Indian Economy, Part 3 & 4 AcademicFoundation. New Delhi. 1994 & 95.
- 18. Robert. E. B. Lucas and Gustar. F.; Indian Economy Recent Development and FutureProspects. Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1989
- 19. Amartya Sen, Poverty and Famine An Essay on Entitlement and Deprivation OxfordUniversity Press. New Delhi, 1982.

Course	to provide students with basic conceptual tools and frameworks for analyzing
Outcome	economic development issues;
	to give students a basic understanding of the economic development process in
	several regions of the world, and
	to give students a chance to practice academic debate on complex economic issues.
	The evaluation of the course will be based on two exams, a group project, homework
	assignments, and class participation.
	What do we mean by saying that economic outcomes are shaped by political
	constraints or politics?
	Do individuals behave the same or differently in economic models and political
	models? What are the fundamental questions in studying political economy?

### PSC C-404: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C-404:	Research Methodology	4	20	80

Objectives	To familiarize students with the basic concepts and approaches to the
Objectives	study of research methodology.
	To acquaint students with the basics of research methods, techniques, and approaches and to assist in the accomplishment of exploratory as well as result oriented research studies.  To help students to identify the research problem and start asking the rightquestions with a goal of improving their ability to make a logical argument. To assist students to learn various research techniques (qualitative andquantitative).  To train students in the process of writing various academic and popularwritings.  To sensitize students of research ethics.
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of inquiry and problem solving. Workable knowledgeof statistics and computer application
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures with periodic formative coursework like termpaper, problem sets, case studies, report writing, mock exams and presentations will be done with an emphasis to develop coherence amongstudents on both the conceptual understanding and the practical knowledge settings.

### Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit – I:	1. Meaning and Need for Research, Types of Research:	13
Understanding Social	Fundamental and Applied	
Science Research	2. Political Science Research: Its History and Utility	
	3. Traditional and Scientific Methods of Research	
Unit – II:	1. Meaning and Types of Research Design, Formulation of	13
Research Design	Research Problem	
	2. Literature Review: Sources and Use of Information	
	Technology	
	3. Hypothesis: Formulation, Characteristics and Types	
Unit – III:	1. Research Techniques: Qualitative and quantitative research	13
Techniques of Data	2. Methods of Data Collection	
Collection	3. Survey: (Meaning, Types, Steps and Limitations)	
	Observations, Questionnaire, and Interviewing, Sampling	
Unit- IV	Analyzing primary and secondary documents	13
Data Analysis and Report	2. Data presentation and preliminary analysis, interpretation	
Writing	of data.	
_	3. Report Writing.	
	4. Presenting the Material: citation, references, notes	
Total		52

### **Essential Readings**

- 1. Ahuja, Ram. Research Method, Rawat Publication, New Delhi, 2001
- 2. Art, Robert J. and Jervis, Robert International Politics: Enduring Concepts and Contemporary Issues, Longman, 2010
- 3. Dhiman, AK and SC. Research Methodology, EssEss Publication, New Delhi, 2002
- 4. Fowler, Flyod J. (Jr). Survey Research Methods, Sage, Beverley Hills, 1984.
- 5. Gerring, John 2004. -What is a Case Study and What is it Good for? || American Political

- Science Review 98, pp. 341-352
- 6. Kuhn, Thomas, The Structure of Scientific Revolution, Chicago: University of ChicagoPress, 2012. (50th edition).
- 7. Popper, Karl, Open Society and Its Enemies, New Jersy: Pentagon University Press, 2013.
- 8. Kohari, C. R and Garg, Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Age International Publisher, New Delhi, 2019 (4th edition).

	<ul> <li>er end of their M.A programme the students will be:</li> <li>Familiar with the basic concepts of research methodology.</li> <li>Acquainted with the basics of research methods, techniques and approaches of research.</li> <li>Identify the research problem and formulate research questions andhypothesis.</li> <li>The process of writing various academic and popular writings.</li> <li>Fundamentals of research ethics.</li> </ul>
--	--

### PSC C-405: PROJECT WORK (Report in form of Dissertation & Viva)

Course Rationale: A Dissertation tests the ability of a student to carry out an independent research. In broad ways it demonstrates that a student is capable of identifying an area of interest, able to explore the research area and use the appropriate research tools. Since a dissertation involves a different set of ideas or different point of views, it enhances the critical, analytical and research skills of a student.

Subject Code		Subject Name	Credit	Total Marks
		PROJECT WORK ( Report in form of DISSERTATION & VIVA)		100
Course Outcome		end of the course students will be able to		
Outcome		Identify an area of interest, able to explore the research area and use the appropriate research tools.  It will enhance the critical analytical and research skills of a student.		